# Understanding your Forms W-2 and 1042-S

Each year, employees will receive a Form W-2 that provides details of prior year earnings, taxes withheld and other miscellaneous data (such as cost of employer sponsored health coverage and contributions to retirement or tax deferred savings plans.)

Employees and/or students that are foreign nationals will receive a Form 1042-S. A Form 1042-S is a year-end federal tax document given to a non-resident alien who received amounts, but not limited to, wages that were exempt from federal and state tax withholding by a tax treaty, royalties and/or received a non-qualified taxable scholarship. In certain instances, foreign nationals may receive both a W-2 Form AND a Form 1042-S for the same tax year.

1 Wages, tips, other compensation	2 Federal Income tax withheld
10415.00	900.00
3 Social security wages	4 Social security tax withheld
12990.00	805.38
5 Medicare wages and tips	6 Medicare tax withheld
12990.00	188.36
a Employee's SSA number 123-45-6789	Employer use only
b Employer's FED ID number	d Control number
74-6001399	00000001
c Employer's name, address, and ZIP code	
UH SYSTEM CONSOLIDATE	D
5000 GULF FWY	
ROOM 109	
HOUSTON TX 77204	
HOUSTON 1X 7/204	
7 Social security tips	8 Allocated tips
9	10 Dependent care benefits
11 Nonquaimed plans	12a See instructions for box 12 4500.00
13 Statutory Retirement I hird-Party Sick pay	E 600.00
14 Other MN BSE 600.00	12c
	12d
e Employee's first name and initial Last nam	e Suff.
JOHN SMITH	
123 CALHOUN BLVD	
HOUSTON TX 77204	
f Employee's address and ZIP code	
15 State Employer's state ID	18 Local wages, tips, etc
TX 690740001189 16 State wages, tips, etc.	19 Local income tax
10415.00	19 Local income tax
1/ State income tax 442.00	20 Locality name
E 01/0 1/ (5/5 0000	51935
W-2 Wage and Tax Statement 202	Dept, of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service. This information is being furnished to the IRS. If you are required to file a tax return a negligence penalty or other sanction, may be imposed on you of this income is taxable and

- **Box 1: Wages, Tips, Other Compensation.** This is your total taxable wages for federal income tax purposes. This figure includes your regular wages, bonuses, and any taxable fringe benefits (such as education benefits greater than \$5,250), rewards and recognition, gifts, taxable moving expenses, as well as the taxable value of group-term life insurance in excess of \$50,000 (see box 12, below). The amount in Box 1 will generally be listed in the "YTD Gross Pay" box on your final earnings statement, minus any pre-tax deductions such as health/dental insurance, flexible spending accounts and retirement and tax deferred savings plans, etc.
- Box 2: Federal income tax withheld. This amount represents the total amount withheld from your paycheck for federal income taxes.
- **Box 3: Social Security Wages.** This represents income subject to Social Security tax. There is a Social Security wage base \$147,000 for 2022. The wage base can change each year and once you earn up to that amount, you no longer will have deductions for Social Security tax. The Social Security wages are reduced by pre-tax deductions such as health/dental insurances, parking and flex spending but not reduced by your contributions to a retirement plan (403b or 457.) The only applicable exceptions are University students working at the University while enrolled at least half time and attending classes, as well as nonresident alien employees visiting the U.S. for a limited period on F-1 or J-1 visas and performing services to carry out the purpose for which such visas have been issued.
- **Box 4: Social Security Tax Withheld.** This amount represents the total amount withheld from your paycheck for social security taxes. The Social Security tax rate is 6.2%, and a matching amount of 6.2% is paid by the University. The only applicable exceptions are University students working at the University while enrolled at least half time and attending classes, as well as nonresident alien employees visiting the U.S. for a limited period on F-1 or J-1 visas and performing services to carry out the purpose for which such visas have been issued.
- Box 5: Medicare Wages and Tips. This represents income subject to Medicare tax. There is no maximum wage base for Medicare taxes. Medicare wages are reduced by pre-tax deductions such as health/dental insurances, parking and flex spending but not reduced by your contributions to a retirement plan (403b or 457.) The only applicable exceptions are University students working at the University while enrolled at least half time and attending classes, as well as nonresident alien employees visiting the U.S. for a limited period on F-1 or J-1 visas and performing services to carry out the purpose for which such visas have been issued.
- **Box 6: Medicare Tax Withheld.** This amount represents the total amount withheld from your paycheck for Medicare taxes. The Medicare tax rate is 1.45%, and a matching amount of 1.45% is paid by the University. Once you earn \$200,000 annually, there is an additional .9% that the employee pays which makes a total of 2.35%. The only applicable exceptions are University students working at the University while enrolled at least half time and attending classes, as well as nonresident alien employees visiting the U.S. for a limited period on F-1 or J-1 visas and performing services to carry out the purpose for which such visas have been issued.
- Box 7: Social Security Tips. This represents tips subject to Social Security tax.
- Box 8: Allocated Tips. This represents allocated tips: this amount is not included in boxes 1, 3, 5, or 7. For information on how to report tips on your tax return, see your Form 1040 instructions.
- Box 9: Blank; Field not used.
- **Box 10: Dependent Care Benefits.** This amount represents dependent care expenses paid into a flexible spending account as part of the University's Benefits Plan. It is the pre-tax amount listed as 403 on your earnings statement. Only dependent care benefits are reportable in this box.
- Box 11: Nonqualified Plans. This is not applicable to University employees.

#### Box 12:

- 12 C Taxable Cost of GTL. The calculated value of group-term life insurance in excess of \$50,000 that has been added into Box 1 as "other compensation".
- 12 E Section 403(b) Salary Reductions. This represents your total elective deferrals to UH's retirement plans.
- 12 G Section 457(b) Contributions. Any amount that you contributed to UH's Tax Deferred Savings Plan.
- 12 P Excludable Moving Expense Reimbursements. Non-taxable moving expenses for which you were reimbursed directly (not included in taxable wages in Box 1).
- 12 W Employer contributions (including amounts you elected to contribute using a section 125 plan) to a health savings account. Report on Form 8889, Health Savings Accounts (HSAs).
- 12 DD Cost of Employer-Sponsored Health Coverage. This is the cost of your employer sponsored health coverage. The amount reported is not taxable. This figure includes both the employee and the employer paid health insurance premiums and is for informational purposes only.
- **Box 13.** The "Retirement plan" block must be checked if you contributed to any of the University's tax deferred options. Thus, all University Employees who fall into this category will have an X in this block. By checking the "Retirement plan" block, an employer notifies the IRS that an employee's eligibility for a deductible Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA) is limited.
- **Box 14. Other** This box may be used by an employer to report any additional tax information (e.g. mandatory retirement contributions, union dues, or taxable auto allowance.)
- Box 15: State/Employer's State ID Number This box reports the applicable state and the University's state identification number for taxation purposes.
- Box 16: State wages, tips, etc. This amount represents the total amount of taxable wages earned in that state.
- Box 17: State Income tax This amount represents the total amount of state income taxes withheld from your paycheck for the wages reported in Box 16.
- Box 18: Local wages, tips, etc. This amount represents the total amount of taxable wages earned in that locality.
- Box 19: Local Income Tax This amount represents the total amount of local income taxes withheld from your paycheck for the wages reported in Box 18.
- **Box 20: Locality Name** This box simply reports the locality name for taxation purposes.

## W-2 FAQs

### When will I receive my W-2 Form?

W-2 forms for all employees (current and former) will be mailed to the employee's home address by the deadline of January 31. Employees that elected electronic consent may view their W-2 Online.

What if I need a duplicate copy of my W-2 Form in the event that I lose or do not receive my original W-2 Form? You can print a copy of your W-2 by logging into PASS, accessing the Employee Self Services, select Payroll & Compensation, Select W-2/W-2c, View W-2/W-2c Forms, click View Form under the Year End Form column.

Requested W-2 forms may also be emailed to: <a href="https://hrpaytax@Central.uh.edu">hrpaytax@Central.uh.edu</a>. The Tax Department can send both former and active employees an encrypted W-2 copy via email. Duplicate requests will be processed as soon as possible after receipt, but please allow five business days for requests to be processed.

Why doesn't the amount in Box 1 (Wages, Tips and Other Compensation) agree to the total gross earnings on my last earnings statement of the year?

The W-2 Box 1 amount represents the federal taxable wages. Federal taxable wages are Gross Earnings minus pre-tax deductions such as health/dental insurance, parking, retirement and TDSP and FSA Medical and Dependent Care.

Why doesn't the amount in Box 3 (Social Security Wages) agree to the total Gross Earnings on my last earnings statement of the year?

The W-2 Box 3 amount represents taxable wages that are subject to Social Security taxes. This differs from your Gross Earnings because there are certain deductions that reduce your Social Security taxable wages such as the pre-tax medical/dental insurances, pre-tax parking deduction, FSA Medical and Dependent Care. Retirement and Tax Deferred Savings Plans do not reduce your Social Security taxable wages. Social Security Tax is subject to a cap, which is adjusted every year for inflation. The 2022 cap is \$147,000 cap on Social Security taxable wages each year. Employees who have earnings in excess of this cap will no longer have a deduction for social security tax for the remainder of that year. Medicare tax is currently at 1.45%. However, we are required to withhold an additional Medicare Tax of 0.9% from wages paid in excess of \$200,000 in a calendar year.

Is there a student exemption to FICA (Social Security and Medicare) taxes?

Students who are enrolled and employed by The University of Houston may be exempt from paying FICA taxes if they meet certain eligibility criteria established by the IRS. More information is available on the Tax Website https://uh.edu/office-of-finance/tax-information/student\_fica\_exemtion/

Why doesn't the amount in Box 5 (Medicare Wages) agree to the total Gross Earnings on my last earnings statement of the year?

The W-2 Box 5 amount represents taxable wages that are subject to Medicare taxes. This differs from your Gross Earnings because there are certain deductions that reduce your Medicare taxable wages such as the pre-tax medical/dental insurances, pre-tax parking deduction, FSA Medical and Dependent Care. Retirement and Tax Deferred Savings Plans do not reduce your Medicare taxable wages. Medicare Taxable Wages do not have a cap amount in the year.

Where can I find explanations of the boxes and associated codes found on the W-2 form?

The explanations of these codes can be found on the reverse side of your W-2 form.

Why don't I have any Social Security or Medicare Wages reported on my W-2 form?

Students of the University who are enrolled on at least a half time schedule are exempt from Social Security and Medicare taxes. Certain foreign nationals on specific visas are also exempt from these taxes.

My address is not correct on my W-2 Form. Do I need a corrected W-2 form?

No, address changes do not require a corrected W-2 form.

You should ensure that your pre-tax deductions (e.g. Health insurance, retirement, etc.) have not changed drastically from one year to the next. Also check to see if you received any type of bonus in the prior year that would have increased your total gross pay. If you did not receive a bonus in the current year as well, that would make it appear that you earned less in the current year despite having a higher base salary.

#### Who do I contact if I have questions on my W-2 Form?

If you could not get your question answered by reviewing the W-2 FAQ section, please contact the please contact the Tax Office of University of Houston - hrpaytax@Central.uh.edu

## 1042-S FAQ's for Foreign National Students/Employees

#### What is a Form 1042-S and when should I receive it?

A 1042-S is a year-end federal tax document given to a nonresident alien who:

- Received wages exempted from federal and state tax withholding by a tax treaty; and/or
- Received a non-qualified taxable scholarship (Any amounts received for incidental expenses or by a non-degree candidate are taxable scholarships. Incidental expenses include room and board, travel, and expenses for equipment and other items that are not required for either enrollment or for attendance, or in a course of instruction).

The 1042-S has an income code, which describes the type of income being reported. In certain cases, you may receive a W-2 in addition to a 1042-S. The 1042S will be postmarked no later than March 15.

I did not receive my 1042-S. How do I get a copy of my 1042-S? If you know that you should have received Form 1042-S but have not received it, please contact the Tax Office of University of Houston - tax@uh.edu

Am I considered a "nonresident alien" or a "resident alien" for tax purposes? U.S. tax law categorizes people as residents or nonresident aliens for tax purposes, which is not necessarily the same as residency according to immigration law. Residents for tax purposes follow the same rules as U.S. citizens, but there are special rules for nonresident aliens for tax purposes. There are also special rules that apply specifically to F-1 students, J-1 students and scholars, and H-1 employees who are nonresident aliens for tax purposes.

Why is my residency status for federal income tax purposes important?

For tax purposes, U.S. residents and non-U.S. residents are taxed differently, so it is important for you to determine your residency status. Non-U.S. residents are only taxed for income acquired during their stay in the U.S.

I am a foreign student at the University on an F-1 visa. I work for my department part-time and also receive monthly scholarship payments. Do I receive a W-2 for these payments?

You will be issued a W-2 and/or Form 1042-S from the University. All of your wages are reported on a Form W-2. Your scholarship payments are reported on the Form 1042-S.

I am a foreign national on a J-1 visa employed at the University as a Research Associate. Why don't I have any Social Security or Medicare wages reported on my Form W-2? Nonresident alien employees visiting the U.S. for a limited period on an F-1 or J-1 visa and performing services for which such visas have been issued are exempt from Social Security and Medicare tax withholding.

I am a researcher in H-1B status. My colleagues who are also researchers are not paying Social Security taxes. Why do I have to? U.S. Social Security and Medicare taxes apply to all compensation for employment services in the United States unless an exception is available. There is an exception for nonresidents in F-1 or J-1 status under Section 3121(b)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code. Your research colleagues qualify for this NRA FICA exception if they are J-1 researchers and are still nonresidents for tax purposes. There is no Code exception for H-1B status individuals.

#### I have been in the United States

A student in F-1 or J-1 Student status will become a resident alien in their 6th and subsequent calendar years if they meet the 183-day residency formula. Resident aliens do not qualify for the NRA FICA exception. However, foreign students are eligible for the Student FICA Exception under the same rules that apply to U.S. citizen students.

Who do I call if I have questions regarding Form 1042-S? please contact the Tax Office of University of Houston - tax@uh.edu